UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF NEVADA

ORDER

3 ERIC McBROOM, Case No. 3:20-cv-00232-APG-WGC Plaintiff,

STATE OF NEVADA, et al.,

v.

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Defendants.

On April 15, 2020, Chief Judge Du issued an order directing plaintiff Eric McBroom to file his own amended complaint and his own fully complete application to proceed in forma pauperis or pay the full filing fee of \$400 within 30 days from the date of that order. ECF No. 1 12 at 14. The 30-day period has now expired, and McBroom has not filed an amended complaint, an application to proceed in forma pauperis, paid the full \$400 filing fee, or otherwise responded to the order.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of 16 that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal" of a case. 17 Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure to 19 obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-20||54 (9th Cir. 1995) (affirming dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 21||963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) 23 (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring *pro se* plaintiffs to keep court

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apprised of address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (affirming dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. See Thompson, 782 F.2d at 831; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; Malone, 833 F.2d at 130; Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; Ghazali, 46 F.3d at 53.

Here, the first two factors (the public's interest in expeditiously resolving this litigation and my interest in managing the docket) weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor (risk of prejudice to the defendants) also weighs in favor of dismissal because a presumption of injury 15 arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor (public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits) is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of dismissal. Finally, a warning to a party that his failure to obey the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 132-33; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1424.

Chief Judge Du's order requiring McBroom to file his own amended complaint expressly stated: "If any of these plaintiffs fails to file a signed amended complaint within 30 days of this order, that plaintiff's case will be dismissed without prejudice to that plaintiff later filing a new

action with a new complaint." ECF No. 1 at 14. The order also stated: "If any of these plaintiffs fails to either pay the complete filing fee or file a complete application to proceed in forma pauperis, including the required financial attachments, within 30 days of the date of this order, the action by that plaintiff will be dismissed without prejudice to that plaintiff later filing an action in a new case with a new complaint and either paying the filing fee or filing a complete application to proceed in forma pauperis with the required financial documents." Id. at 14. Thus, McBroom had adequate warning that dismissal would result from his noncompliance with the 8 order. 9 I THEREFORE ORDER that this action is dismissed without prejudice based on plaintiff Eric McBroom's failure to file an amended complaint and an application to proceed in forma 11 pauperis or pay the full filing fee in compliance with the April 15, 2020 order. 12 I FURTHER ORDER the Clerk of Court to enter judgment accordingly. 13 Dated: June 8, 2020. 14 ANDREW P. GORDON UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23